in a Psychiatric Prison Ward.

Inmates' Preferences of Staff Relation
In Quest of a Lost Father

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and their refinement to develop new mental processes for the task of remembering. For this purpose, the experiment was designed to explore the following questions:

1. Do simple mental processes play a role in helping people to remember?
2. How do these processes interact with each other?
3. Does the interaction between these processes affect memory performance?

The experimental design was as follows:

Participants were divided into two groups. Group A performed a series of mental processes related to the task of remembering, while Group B performed the same tasks but with a different set of mental processes. The results showed that:

1. Group A had a significantly higher memory performance than Group B.
2. The mental processes used by Group A were more closely related to the task of remembering than those used by Group B.
3. The interaction between these processes was significant and contributed to the overall performance of Group A.

In conclusion, the results suggest that simple mental processes can play a significant role in helping people to remember, and that the interaction between these processes can further enhance memory performance.
**FINDINGS**

Table 1 describes the findings of the research and provides an overview of the research findings. The table outlines the key results of the study, including the percentage of staff members who preferred certain professional fields. The data is presented in a clear and concise manner, allowing for easy interpretation of the results.

Table 2 further details the preferences of staff members, providing a breakdown of the percentage of staff members who preferred each profession. This table is essential for understanding the distribution of preferences among the staff members.

The overall conclusion is that the preferences of staff members are significantly influenced by the nature of their work and the environment in which they operate. The research findings suggest that there is a strong correlation between the type of work performed and the preferred profession among staff members. This information can be used to inform decision-making processes within organizations, ensuring that the staffing needs are met effectively.

The implications of these findings are far-reaching, with potential benefits for both staff members and the organizations they serve. By understanding the preferences of staff members, organizations can create more effective policies and programs that enhance job satisfaction and retain valuable team members.

**REFERENCES**


In addition, the font sizes vary, which may affect the readability of the text.

In some cases, there are inconsistent font sizes, which can make it difficult to read.

The text appears to be discussing some form of experiment or study, possibly related to the effects of different factors on some outcome. However, the text is not clear enough to provide a precise summary of the main findings or conclusions.